

YAZOO CITY.

By Mrs. HARRIET N. PREWETT, Editor.

Friday, June 17, 1853.

Mr. V. B. PALMER, is our authorized agent, to collect and receipt for advertising or subscriptions for the Yazoo City Whig, in New York and Philadelphia.

WHIG TICKET. FOR THE LEGISLATURE. J. H. BURRUS.

In our last number, we bid our readers good-bye, intending before this to be on our way northward. But circumstances over which we had no control, have compelled us to defer our intended trip till some later day in the season.

You know, "The best laid plans of mice and men Gang off awry." And leave us only grief and pain For promised joy.

LETTERS OF APOSTOLICAL SUCCESSION, addressed to Bishop Greene, by Rev. R. ANDERSON.—This is an interesting work, for a copy of which we are indebted to the politeness of our friends Messrs. Mann & Andrews. It is for sale at their Book and Drug Store.

DEATH OF HON. PAT. W. TOMPKINS.—It is with feelings of deep regret that we announce the death of the Hon. P. Tompkins. He died in San Francisco, California, on the 8th of May, after a prostration of 3 months from paralysis.

Our friend "Constantia" gives us an affectionate farewell and reads us a whole some lecture on "Woman's Rights" and wrongs. Her short notes springs questions that might be discussed at length and to little or great profit as the case might be. We were only jesting, of course, when we proposed representing the ladies of Mississippi in the Woman's Convention; but if you put it seriously, this question of Woman's rights and Man's oppression, we shall reply in the non-committal words of Sir Walter de Coverly: "A great deal might be said on both sides." Many and sincere thanks notwithstanding, for the kind farewell.

Our Neighbor's Farewell—Past History and Pleasant Reminiscences.

The talented Junior of the Democrat bids us an affectionate farewell in last Wednesday's paper, and applies the *onten* so pitiously that we could not have the heart to leave him, and so gave out our trip on the *Afton*. We regret we have not time to notice all the different counts in his interesting and affecting "good-bye," nor to reply to his historical interrogatories. We will, however, ask him one question, which has nothing to do with such old fogies as Alexander the Great or Jack the Giant Killer, but of a little bit of modern history that occurred not a hundred years ago and not a hundred miles from Yazoo City.

Does he remember that somebody one rainy night, "When winds blew high—not on Helles waters," but on Silver Creek, not exactly playing *Leander* and swimming over the "Borge" that kept him from his love, but indignantly falling into it? And does he remember how the fair lady who was no *Hero*, received him dripping on the banks in joyful plight, and how the military chest of a U. S. A. Colonel was rummaged for an old suit of regimentals which had flourished around a certain besieged baggage wagon, in Mexico, and how when donned, they were a world too large for him and he sat like *Othello* when he won Desdemona, recounting the dangers he had passed by flood and field, the shining buttons and other smart braveries of a soldier hanging loosely upon him? And how, though she didn't love him for the "dangers he had passed" or anything else, he loved her whether she pitied him or not. No wonder that he was that the *Afton* is gone; cry, dear, it will do you good. But you will get over this poor boy. Love, like the measles and whooping cough, here comes to everybody once in a life time and the earlier it is taken the better it is for the patient. So physicians say, and they ought to know.

"Another Head Off."

"The blood of the martyrs is the seed of the church." "To the victors," &c. Mr. George B. Dixon has been removed from the Post Office of Yazoo City, and Mr. M. D. Haynes, a Democrat and ex-cessional appointed in his place. Mr. Dixon has made a most excellent Postmaster and retires from the office with the good wishes of all our citizens. We return him our thanks for his accommodating, gentlemanly demeanor towards us during his administration. We believe we have never had cause to complain one of him, in our business which necessarily gives us much intercourse with the post office and postmaster.

We hope Mr. Dixon will bear his despatch like a man and not make ugly faces at it as the Democrats all do when they are officially killed out.

Mr. M. D. Haynes is a popular and clever man, and we have no doubt is capable and honest enough to make a good Postmaster.

The Protestant Episcopal Convention of New Jersey, on the 28th ult. affirmed the belief of the language of Bishop Doane, and expressed its surprise at the language of the clergy, preferred against him by some of his brother Bishops, after the convention had previously affirmed.

"Proscriptions for Opinion's sake."

Union Democrats to the Rescue.

One of the best Whigs and a prominent man of Carroll county thus writes us: "Please find enclosed \$12.00 for four years subscription, but as I will not support any Whig paper that sustains Gen. Foote for any office whatever, I will not take your paper any longer."

This is plain language and unmistakable in its meaning.

"Othello's occupation's gone," as far as it concerns that man, and we pocket the twelve dollars of our lost subscriber with as much pleasure because it makes one feel so comfortable to have just enough change in his pocket to keep the nameless one out and out, at least because we know it is the last, the very last, we shall ever get from the same source.

Seriously, though we are not rich, nor though a descendant of the great martyr, ambitious of a martyr's crown in any cause, we would rather lose a hundred paying subscribers than to help circulate any slander or abuse of General Foote. We have not filled our columns with laudations of him, or even noticed his triumphant progress in the North, where he is prosecuting his Senatorial canvass, because both he and A. G. Brown, the two candidates, are Democrats & can fight out their battles in the Democratic counties on their own ground; and because as yet we are not certain but that there will be a Whig candidate in the field—in which case this county and district will support him to the end of the chapter. But if the contest lies between the patriotic and able defender of the Union faith of '51 and A. G. Brown, we need scarcely say which this paper and its patrons of Yazoo will support. We will say, however, in the face of both Whig and Democratic aspirants, Gen. Foote deserves the seat in the Senate which he vacated for the sake of the Colon.

Democratic Tendency.

Our neighbors of the Democrat have devoted considerable space in their two last issues in reply to our articles on the subject of the "Political Tendency of the Country," and we are gratified that they have done so, because we know it has had the effect of exciting the curiosity of some who do not take the Whig, and they have called for the numbers of our paper containing those articles, thus our neighbors have been the means of calling more general attention to those articles than they might otherwise have received. We are also gratified from the peculiar nature of their articles, that we are so readily afforded such a convincing proof of the truth of the assertion we made regarding the nature of a portion of the Democratic party. The sensible, chaste, and elevated manner in which the editors have expressed themselves in their replies renders any further confirmation of that fact, at least, entirely unnecessary. It will be unnecessary for them to write any more upon this subject, as they have vindicated the outraged dignity of the party to which they have the honor of claiming membership, in a style and manner very suitable to the purpose.

Our neighbors, in their last issue accuse us of abandoning the arguments we first advanced and have used neither argument, wit or sarcasm. Well, if we have not yet appeared to attach a great deal of importance to those "senseless" articles, judging from the space occupied in your paper in rebutting them. We endeavored to discuss the subject upon its merits, and what we have written is the candid expression of our sentiments, uninfluenced either by party spite, or political disappointment. The composition of these articles has been dictated solely by a desire to awaken an interest upon the subject of which they treat, and thus, if possible, to promote and secure the accomplishment of their object—the common good of all, both Democrats and Whigs.

To Mrs. Harriet N. Prewett.

DEAREST MADAM:—Your "Good-bye" has been received with many sighs; yet as so much apparent happiness seems to be spread before you, no selfish considerations could induce your friends to detain you. From my heart I bid you a tender and affectionate farewell; wishing you a joyous meeting with your relations at the North, and a safe return to the home of your adoption.

And now, Madam, as one of Mississippi's daughters, and as one of your "lady friends," allow me to thank you for your proffered, and high consideration, to represent the grievances of the females of our State before the "Woman's Rights Convention," which you mean to attend this summer. I think I may say the ladies of the South have no grievances they would not readily submit to their chivalrous fathers—husbands—brothers and sons, to redress and arrange; they do not think it in good taste to assume the Bloomer either in sentiment or costume, and I think I may add, as their general opinion—that when women call and heads conventions for illegitimate purposes, the counteracts the laws of nature, and vainly attempts to assume a prerogative denied by God, and common sense; therefore, to represent us, would be supererogatory.

"Farewell," a word that must be, and hath been a sound that makes us linger, and yet—farewell!

CONSTANTIA.

The net amount subject to the draft of the Treasurer of the United States on the 23d ult., was \$29,350,250, of which \$230,111 was in the hands of the Assistant Treasurer in New York. At the New Orleans Branch Mint there was \$271,125 subject to draft.

On the 21st of July, the Washington Republic will be published on a smaller sheet than it is now printed on, at 12 cents per copy of 50 a year. Its prospectus are it will be an independent sheet, not attached to any creed or party.

The Whig Party.

The Washington Union speaks rather sneeringly of "what was the Whig party," and ridicules the idea, that it will ever again be able to rally its former strength. This may be, to the editor of that paper, a very flattering delusion, but it is certainly a very senseless and ridiculous one.

No member of the Whig party, that we are aware of, dreams of dissolving our present organization. We are aware that some timid persons have said, that we find ourselves in a hopeless minority, and that all future efforts may be vain. But all such persons take a very superficial view of the subject. We admit that we were badly beaten in the late Presidential election, so far as the electoral vote was concerned. But when we look at the popular vote, we perceive at once that a very small per centage of change would alter the result; for many of the States which gave their electoral vote to Gen. Pierce, did it by a very small majority. The popular vote is as follows:

For Pierce,	1,607,723
For Scott,	1,386,934
For all others,	188,213

On the majority system, 1,581,435 would be necessary to a choice, which is 26,87 less than Pierce received. On the calculation made above it will be seen that Gen. Pierce's majority on the whole popular vote is only about 8-10 of one per cent; so that a change of 4-10 of one per cent, or 4 votes in 1,000, would have defeated his election on the majority system. Though there was a perfect defection among the whigs at the late election, yet Gen. Scott received 1,386,934 votes; which is a larger vote than was given to Gen. Taylor, Mr. Clay, or any other candidate, either whig or democrat, Pierce only excepted. Why, then, should whigs despair? With a force of 1,387,000 tried men, we are in a good situation to make not only a firm stand, but a successful onset, whenever a favorable opportunity shall present itself. An army of 1,387,000 veterans certainly forms a very good nucleus around which may rally a force equal to almost any emergency.

The Whigs of the country have manfully resisted the reckless tendencies of the present locofoco party in their first developments and they are not prepared to give up to them now, when they assume a more frightful shape, and have acquired a more alarming character! If they have been sincere up to the present time, and have done battle manfully for the sake of principle, how could or can they now give over, and submit cowardly to locofoco misrule? Abandon their principles in this hour of danger, and desert their country, when that country is in peril? It cannot be! No Whig, who has labored for the right, and has withstood the iron will of Gen. Jackson, or the recklessness of President Polk, will prostrate himself at the feet of Franklin Pierce, whose selection for the high office of President of the United States astonished himself and the whole country, including the Locofocos themselves. The sincere and honest of our party, who have been true to their creed, and who have been moved by patriotic considerations in resisting lawless radicalism, will never for a moment entertain the idea of prostrating themselves at the footstool of power, or acquiescing in a policy they believe to be fraught with injury to the people, and dishonor and disgrace to the country!

THE BAPTIST MISSIONARY UNION, lately in session at Albany, was attended by one thousand delegates. Amongst the communications presented from the Executive Committee was a correspondence between the American Minister and King of Prussia in regard to the persecutions to which the Baptists of Germany had been subjected. The King had exhibited the kindest spirit and declared that, if the Baptists would effect an ecclesiastical organization which could be recognized by the Government, all causes of complaint would cease. The Board recommended that it shall be by the appointment of a Board of five in Germany, who, in co-operation with the Board here, should be authorized to license colporteurs in Germany.

OUR RELATIONS WITH MEXICO.—Col. Gladsden, the newly appointed United States Minister to Mexico, in a letter to a commercial house in New York, expresses a strong desire to have our trade with Mexico increased, and adds:

"Free and uninterrupted intercourse, commercially and socially, with Mexico, will accomplish more in harmonizing the disturbing disagreements between the two countries, than all the treaties and negotiations which diplomacy may accomplish. They are the great panacea of peace on earth and good-will towards mankind; the forerunner of the Christian millennium."

It is a popular delusion to believe that an editor is a public bellows, bound to puff everything and everybody that wants to use him.

A Quaker Sermon.—An old preacher once took for his text, "Adam, where art thou?" and divided his subject into three parts: 1st. All men are somewhere; 2nd. Some men are where they ought not to be; and 3d. Unless they take care, they will soon be somewhere where they would rather not be.

Runaways, Black and White.

In the Pittsburg Saturday Visitor, Mrs. Swishelm copies in full an advertisement of two runaway negroes from our paper, and interrogates and comments as follows:

"Has Mrs. Prewett any idea of where Joe and March came from previous to being purchased in New Orleans? Did they leave father, mother, wife children up in 'Ole Kentucky?' Maybe Joe left a cabin and a curly-headed baby whose memory tugged at his heart-strings, and maybe March was longing for 'the old folks at home.'"

As we are part Irish, we answer your question by asking another: Have you any idea where the boy came from that was recently advertised in a Philadelphia paper as a runaway apprentice to a shoemaker? We have mislaid the paper and forget exactly the amount of the reward offered, but believe it was ten dollars. Do you not think very likely he has a mother and father, perhaps starving in a northern hovel, that he dare not go to see, for fear his master will find him there and drag him back into service. And where do you think that poor white boy is gone with his little pack upon his back and famine in his face and a dread fear in his heart? He will become a sailor or a common drudge in a foreign land, and perhaps never see home and kindred again. If he was a negro, the Abolitionists would interfere to buy his freedom and let him go home to his poor brokenhearted mother; but, alas! he is white, and philanthropy is not interested in his case. And will you, Mrs. Swishelm, let us know where the thousands of foreigners come from, who fly from their own soil, driven into exile by a master none can resist—*hunger!* and never see mother, father, sister, brother or children again. O, ye that strain at a gnat and swallow a camel without making a face, remember that the world is full of wrong and sorrow and toil, and if slavery was banished from the earth to-day, misery would abound, and partings and farewells would fill the land as much as now. The millennium is not yet quite come. Wait a little longer.

Gen. Reuben Davis.

When the late Democratic Convention refused to nominate Gen. Davis for Congress for the State at large, and conferred the honor on a "new man," Reuben told the Convention that he would not be choked off in that way—that he had very satisfactory evidence that he was the choice of the entire north—that the north was entitled to the candidate, and that he was not willing that the northern counties should be cheated out of their choice by a few tricksters, who, by intrigue and artful management contrived to get control of the Convention. He would submit to no such intrigue and management, but would appeal to the great Convention of the people on the day of election, to whose decision he would bow with respect, and none other. Well, he has appealed and his determination to go to Congress, if he can, has created a mighty mass in the camp of the "harmonious." How this breach will be healed we know not and care less, but certain it is Reub has created considerable uneasiness in the ranks of the "unfettered."

Gen. Davis seems exceedingly anxious to secure a seat in Congress. And Mr. Barksdale, the Democratic nominee, it seems is not indisposed to get into the same pew, for they are both pressing their claims before the people in the northern part of the State, and judging from the newspaper notices of their speeches, it is a perfect "Kilkenny cat-fight" between them. Now, if Reuben "being the strongest man" can, gerrymander the said Mr. Barksdale out of said pew and foist himself into it, if he can, will it not be a decidedly democratic proceeding? And would it not be as fully orthodox, if the General were to *lasso* Mr. Barksdale and gag him and not allow him to discuss the proceedings at all? We deferentially submit these points to the Democracy. This is a family quarrel over the spoils and we would not intrude ourselves within reach of the hovering broomsticks. We can exclaim, however, with the woman in the bear fight, "Fight dog, fight bear, No dog of ours there."

We are only astonished that the "cohesive power" should so often act by contraries in the ranks of the "harmonious."

DEPARTURE OF DR. KANE'S ARCTIC EXPEDITION.—The brig *Advance*, with Dr. Kane and his party, on their expedition to the Arctic regions, sailed from New York on the 31st ult., and was escorted down the Bay by a large number of friends. The following is a list of officers of the *Advance*:

Commander, E. K. Kane; Skilling-master, J. Wall Wilson; 1st officer, James Brooks, 2d do, James McGeary; 3d do, Amos Bond-sall; Surgeon, Dr. J. J. Hays. Carpenter, Christian Oser, and one or two others.

A meeting of the Mason's Fraternity of N. York was held on Monday evening, at the Medical College, Crosby street, for the purpose of bidding a formal farewell to their brother, Dr. Kane, commander of the expedition. Dr. Kane, commander of the expedition, Jos. D. Ryans, deputy grand Marshall, delivered an appropriate address, to which Dr. Kane responded, speaking in high terms of the liberality of the project of the expedition. Mr. Ginnell, who was present, A. large number of his Masonic brethren resolved to accompany the Dr. Kane the day, in a steamboat chartered for that occasion, to bid him God-speed on his perilous voyage across the long and dreary Franklin.

A DRUNKARD'S OPINION OF THE MAINE LAW.

—Dr. Snodgrass, at one of the recent anniversary meetings, in New York, related the following incident:—"Said I to a friend of mine in Baltimore—a man of talent in one of the professions, a well-meaning and useful man in the days of his sobriety—'What think you of the Maine Law for Maryland?' Think replied he; 'I think well of it. Give me that, and I shall have hope. I have signed your pledges over and over again, but only to break them as often. Shut up these drinking-houses with your Maine Law prohibition—take away from my eyes these attractive saloons and sparkling decanters—remove the sight of the fumes of their contents—these Satan's temptations to ruin, and then, but not till then, I shall hope to remain a sober man—to be myself again.' For my own part, my friends, such appeals have an irresistible force with me. I think that it is high time we had legal prohibition everywhere, when the very inebriates themselves are imploring its assistance for their agonized, desponding soul!"

SINGULAR TRAGEDY AT SOMERVILLE MASS.

—On Wednesday, at the Lunatic Asylum, in Somerville, Mass., Mrs. Strong; an aged lunatic, was found dead beside a bed, in the room of Mrs. Jameson, another lunatic who at the time of the discovery, was kneeling on the bed, in the attitude of prayer. Mrs. Jameson, on being questioned as to the death of Mrs. Strong, gave the following account:

"I heard Mrs. Strong ask for light this was her constant habit—it occurred to me that the Lord had delivered her into my hands, and that if there was any more light in the other world she should see it. She had been plaguing me for many months with this inquiry, and now one of the attendants being gone out, and the other preparing dinner. I determined to be rid of the annoyance. I accordingly slipped out into the gallery and invited Mrs. S. into my room. She came with me willingly; she had on two caps; I took them off tied them round her neck, the strings broke. She stood still, close to me making no resistance, so I knew that the Lord had given her to me; I then put my hands around her throat and choked. I then laid her down on the floor softly, so as to make no noise, and took off my stockings and put it around her neck, pulling it as hard as I could—but it was no use, she was already dead; I felt her pulse, and knew it. While I was doing this I said my prayers, and thanked the Lord that he had permitted me thus to glorify His name."

The trustees of the Institution are investigating the matter. The deceased Mrs. Strong, and also Mrs. Jameson, are respectively connected, but for sometime have been hopelessly insane.

Governor Foote's Speech.

Gov. Foote delivered a very courteous and dignified speech, of some two hours, and a half in length, in our city, on Saturday last. Some parts of the Governor's speech pleased us, and some did not. His frank and candid expression of sentiment on all the important points of issue between himself and Gov. Brown his great rival for senatorial honors highly creditable to him. We would have been much gratified if the Governor could have been present,—Gov. Foote spoke feelingly of the resolution of censure which our legislature passed on him, and appealed to the people for its rescission. The democratic press have said many hard things of him—all of which we hope are forgiven and forgotten; but as it now stands he is a disgraced man in the eyes of world—the effluviated resolution of censure stands unrepelled on the statute books and we do not blame him for desiring to blot out this foul stain on his public career. No doubt the legislature was actuated by honesty and sincere motives in censuring him; but they acted on the impulse of the moment, without giving the subject mature consideration, as the people, in their sovereign capacity afterwards decided.

Gov. Foote, we believe, in his speech, made a good impression on minds of the people. He was warmly received, and at a private dinner given him, we beheld many faces seated around the festive board sipping their wine in social concord, which a few years since, would have been found anywhere else.

We do not wish to be understood as advocating the claims of Gov. Foote for the office to which he aspires; neither are we in favor of Gov. Brown; for we confidently expect another Richmond in the field. If Governor Foote and Gov. Brown, however were the only candidates for the high and responsible office, we should not hesitate to express our preference if necessary. But we intend occupying neutral ground unless some extraordinary cause, shall induce us to take side.—*Monroe Democrat.*

UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce writes as follows under date of 1st inst.:

Gen. Garland, who has been here, en route for New Mexico, has left for his important command. He arrived here in much less time than was expected, after he had been summoned to this place. He has received his instructions, and I conjecture that they embrace both diplomatic and military powers. He is undoubtedly proceeding forthwith to New Mexico, and to march into the Mesilla valley with a force that will enable him to encounter Governor Trias, who is there before him, and who is prepared to expel him or any other American intruder. It may be that Gov. Trias will retire before General Garland, and that Santa Anna will suffer the United States to take and keep possession of that disputed territory. But such is not the apparent intention of the Mexicans.

Our Executive Government have decided that the disputed territory belongs to us under the treaty, and would be ours, supposing the boundary line to be run from a point immediately north of El Paso, westward.

When a witty English government defaulter, after his recall, was asked, on his arrival home, if he left India, on account of his health, he replied, "They do say there's something wrong in the chest."

MARRIED.—On the 2d inst., by the Rev. J. W. Parvis, Mr. W. M. Pickett of Louisiana, to Miss MARGARET C. SCOTT, of this county.

The printers fee is thankfully acknowledged, and the happy pair have our best wishes for continued health and happiness.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Council Proceedings.

CALLED MEETING.

YAZOO CITY, May 13, 1853.

Present—P. O'DONNELL, President; J. P. Bailey, J. H. Wesley, A. Smith, Thos. Metzler, J. J. Michie, G. W. Dougherty—Councillors.

The meeting was called to order, and the minutes of the last meeting were read, and on motion adopted.

The committee on Accounts to whom was referred an account of Wm E. Pugh for money paid out by him for cutting ditch in North street, amounting to five dollars, beg leave to report that, from all the information in their possession that said expenditure was done without authority of the Board of Town Council, and that they recommend that it should not be allowed; all of which is respectfully submitted, and was, on motion, received and adopted.

The committee to whom was referred the propriety of the Corporation subscribing for stock in the Yazoo and Big Black Plank Road Company, beg leave to report, that in the opinion of the committee, the most vital interest of the town is greatly dependant on the extension of the Road, and your committee believe without a pretty liberal subscription on the part of this Board, its further extension is extremely doubtful. If such subscription is made, your committee believe it will give an impetus to the work which will insure its success. All citizens and property holders of our city are deeply interested in this important work and all are to derive advantage from it, and it is but fair that all should contribute and that can be effected only by a subscription by the Board with the consent of a majority of the qualified voters of the town. Your committee therefore recommend the passage of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the polls be opened in Yazoo City, on Saturday, the 28th inst. to be held in the same manner as the town elections, to take the sense of the qualified voters of the town upon the propriety of the Board, subscribing for \$15,000 in Plank Road Stock to be paid at the rate of \$5,000 per annum. The tickets to have written or printed thereon, "plank road" or "no plank road."

On motion, the report was received and adopted with the resolution.

The protest of sundry citizens against purchasing a Weigher's yard was presented, and on motion, laid on the table.

The acct of John Hagman for services as Market Master, \$50, was presented and on motion allowed.

The following resolution was offered and adopted:

By J. P. Bailey, Resolved, That a plank sidewalk be made from North Alley to Edward Bowman's corner, and that the Clerk advertise for proposals for doing the same—proposals to be opened at the June meeting.

Resolved, That the Mayor and the Attorney of the Board, F. W. Quackenboss, Esq., be a committee to attend to the sale of property for taxes assessed for paving—sale to take place on the 14th inst.

Resolved, That the Stalls in the Market be sold for one year from the 1st of June under the supervision of the Street committee, at the Market House on Saturday, the 28th inst., at 12 o'clock, a. m., and that the Clerk is requested to put up notices at the Court House, Market House and Post Office of said sale.

Resolved, That the Clerk put up notices at the Court House, Post Office and Market House inviting proposals for throwing up a Levee at the foot of Jefferson street to the Bridge crossing the Bayou, and for an apron to the Bridge 50 feet long; specifications to be obtained from the Street committee; bids to be opened at the regular meeting in June.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

P. O'DONNELL, President.
Geo. M. POWELL, City Clerk.

Letters to Bishop Green

ON Apostolical Succession, by Rev. R. ANDERSON, just received and for sale by MANN & ANDREWS, 49-tf.

Vicksburg, Yazoo & Tillatoba Weekly Packet.

Vicksburg, Salaria, Yazoo City, Tchula, Greenwood, Leflore, Locomotion, Tillatoba Packet, The New, Light-Drawn Steamboat, GEN. STOKES, CAPT. BROWN, Will run as a regular Packet as above. The Gen. Stokes draws only 20 inches water. AGENDING, Leaves Vicksburg, Tuesday, 5 o'clock, p. m. " Yazoo City, Wednesday, 9 " a. m. " Greenwood, Thursday, 7 " a. m. " Leflore, " 10 " a. m. DISCENDING, Leaves Tillatoba, Friday, 4 o'clock, a. m. " Leflore, " 12 " a. m. " Greenwood, " 5 " p. m. " Salaria, " 10 " a. m. " Yazoo City, Saturday, 8 " a. m. " Tchula, " 10 " a. m. PORTERFIELD & CO., Agents, Vicksburg, WYMAN, Yazoo City. June 16, '53. 49-tf

STRAWBERRIES and Cherries in their own juice, for sale by D. TAMBORINE.